

Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis

Diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis (DTaP) are serious diseases caused by bacteria.¹²

TRANSMISSION¹²

Diphtheria and pertussis are spread from person to person. Tetanus enters the body through cuts or wounds.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS¹²

- Diphtheria causes a thick covering in the back of the throat.
- Tetanus (lockjaw) causes painful tightening of the muscles, usually all over the body.
- Pertussis (whooping cough) causes coughing spells so bad that it is hard for infants to eat, drink or breathe. These spells can last for weeks.

POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS¹²

- Diphtheria can lead to breathing problems, paralysis, heart failure and even death.
- Tetanus can lead to “locking” of the jaw so the victim cannot open his mouth or swallow.
- Pertussis can lead to pneumonia, seizures, brain damage and death.



Haemophilus influenzae type b

Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) is a bacterium that can cause a severe infection, occurring mostly in infants and children younger than five years of age.¹⁴

TRANSMISSION¹⁴

The germs spread from person to person by direct contact or through respiratory droplets from coughing and sneezing.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS¹⁴

Symptoms will depend on the type of illness and may include:

- Fever
- Headache
- Stiff neck
- Vomiting
- Coughing
- Breathing difficulty
- Tender skin
- Swelling
- Redness in a joint
- Ear pain



POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS¹⁴

- Pneumonia (lung infection)
- Bacteremia (bloodstream infection)
- Meningitis (infection of the covering of the brain and spinal cord)

Poliomyelitis

Poliomyelitis (polio) is a highly infectious disease caused by a virus that invades the nervous system.¹³

TRANSMISSION¹³

Humans are the only known reservoir of poliovirus. The virus lives in an infected person's throat and intestines. It spreads through contact with the faeces (stool) of an infected person and less commonly through droplets from a sneeze or cough.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS¹³

Most people who get infected with poliovirus will not have any visible symptoms. About 1 out of 4 people with poliovirus infection will have flu-like symptoms that may include:

- Sore throat
- Fever
- Tiredness
- Nausea
- Headache
- Stomach pain

A smaller proportion of people with poliovirus infection will develop other more serious symptoms that affect the brain and spinal cord.

POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS¹³

- Life-long paralysis

Even children who seem to fully recover can develop these complications as adults, 15 – 40 years later:

- New muscle pain
- Weakness
- Paralysis



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